



decking • cladding • porch flooring

thermo-ash handbook

installation • care • specifications



ThermoryUSA.com



Handbook

Thermory® Decking, Cladding & Porch Flooring Installation/Care/Specifications Guide

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1. Preface

For the production of Thermory® Ash decking, cladding, and porch flooring, we, the manufacturer, apply the kiln technology of the Finnish mechanical engineering company Jartek. Jartek is a manufacturer of thermo-kilns with the most advanced technology and the longest experience in the field. Jartek kilns are able to measure the moisture content of the wood at the beginning of the treatment process with computerized sensors. The entire process is guided so that homogenous conditions with respect to humidity and temperature are created in all parts of the kiln. This forms the atmosphere to produce consistent quality from charge to charge, as well as within one charge. The measuring devices in the kiln support the kiln operator in controlling the process parameters in point of time, length of time, temperature and humidity level.

A critical step in the treatment process is drying to 0% moisture content while increasing the temperature of the thermal chamber to 419°F along with the introduction of external sources of steam. Decisions made by the process operator concerning point of time and length of time at which the temperature is increased or decreased respectively, affects the relative humidity and the formation of steam. Our proprietary process has been proven to produce the most consistent thermally modified products with a consistent final equalized moisture content while minimizing cracks, brittleness and color differences in our end products.



2. Maintenance & Care

Thermory® solid hardwood products are durable and naturally resist mold, mildew and damage from normal wear. With little maintenance, Thermory® products will remain beautiful and provide many years of enjoyment.

Thermal Ash will naturally age to a uniform silver/grey over time. This process will start immediately and, depending on the amount of UV exposure, will take anywhere from several months to a year. To maintain the original color for a longer time or to restore the original color tones, we recommend applying penetrating oils, wood care finishes and cleaners (see page 8). Always follow the instructions provided with the product. As the directions state, it is important to thoroughly clean the boards and when applying, do not use excess oil.

It is important to keep the surface clean and free of leaves, pine needles and debris which can hold moisture and attract mold and mildew.

Barbecue spills, wines, condiments, dog nails, high heels, etc. can stain and scratch the surface. Most of these will fade and become less noticeable over time. Deeper scratches and stains can be blended with a light sanding. Sanding will expose the original tone of the boards which will again gradually silver to match the surrounding area. For surfaces with an oil finish, reapply the oil to match the surrounding area.

Installing Thermory® requires following these particular steps to ensure a successful installation.

COLOR:

The color of Thermory® Ash is not resistant to UV light. Nevertheless, wood that has turned silver/ grey is not less resistant to decay. To maintain the original color for a longer time or to restore the original color tones, we recommend applying Super Deck® finishes and cleaners. A light sanding will also remove the surface silvering and restore the original wood tones.

COLOR DIFFERENCES AND SHAPE DISTORTION:

Color differences between boards may occur and is typical with natural wood products. These differences are no reason for a claim. Shape distortion of Thermory® is significantly less common than for untreated wood. Minor distortions can however occur, and are no reason for a claim. Color of boards can change at different rates depending on amount of UV rays, rain, shade, climate, orientation to sun, etc.

STORAGE:

Whenever possible, Thermory® should be stored inside, out of the weather and sun. When this is not possible, Thermory® needs to be elevated off the ground, stacked uniformly and covered with a waterproof tarp. Leave the ends of the tarp open so moisture is not trapped inside, making certain the stored wood is not subjected to the elements or sun as the UV rays will fade the material. Under no circumstances should Thermory®, even in original packaging, be subjected to rain or any moisture as it cannot dry properly when stacked and/or packaged.

CRACKS:

Thermory® can show small stress cracks. These are normally not wider than 1/16" and are not limited in length.

Surface hairline cracks are a natural occurrence with wood and are no reason for a claim. The surface of correctly installed Thermory® will always swell and shrink faster than its core causing the hairline cracks during the shrinking process. Due to the growing conditions of the wood, some boards will experience more surface-checking than others. Regular application of Super Deck® oil, or Cutek Extreme can help minimize the occurrence of surface hairline cracks. Please be sure to follow the application guidelines provided by the oil manufacturers. Note that the amount of application, temperature, drying time and frequency of rain can have a direct impact on the performance and appearance of the oil.

End Waxing -- Although Thermory is much more stable than any other wood product, it will still take on and give off moisture through the exposed end grain of the boards. When this happens too quickly, small end cracks may develop and there is a risk of end splits. To reduce these end cracks we recommend using a wax sealer (Anchorseal or similar) on the ends of the boards before they are fixed in place. Please use care not to apply excess wax to the visible face of the boards.

HANDLING CLAIMS:

In case of a claim, damaged boards will be replaced by Thermory® USA, LLC. Replacement/installation at site or free shipment of the material to the customer will be handled on a case by case basis.

3. Modification/Exterior Applications



Ultraviolet light and water

GENERAL:

UV-light splits, in a photolytic process a substance called lignin. The purpose of lignin is to bind the cellulose fibers in wood similar in purpose to glue. Lignin becomes water soluble due to the splitting process. Humidity renders lignin soft; driving rain may wash it out. Whitish cellulose fibers are left which are the basic needs for micro organisms that create a silver-gray patina on the wood. Over time, the cellulose fibers start to erode since they are lacking the lignin glue. A relief-like surface is created that stresses the natural grain of the wood. In shady spots blue stain and mold may form, especially close to vegetation. This can also lead to color variations, but does not damage the wood in the application considered here. A significant impact is the constant shift between humidity penetration and drying. Driving rain and condensate is taken up by capillary action of untreated wood, causing swelling. The cross-section shrinks again with the drying process caused by sun and wind. This cycle repeats itself which leads to surface cracks and distortion depending on conditions.

THERMORY® ASH (419°F):

UV light and water impact Thermory® Ash as described above. The graying effect is present at similar times, and can only be slowed by applying surface oils with low surface tension which respect the low absorptive capacity of Thermory® Ash. Dimensional stability and resistance to fungi, mold, insects is better for Thermory® Ash than for untreated wood species.

Thermory® Ash treated at 419°F is resistance/durability class 1, which is the same class predominant for some tropical hardwoods on the market, particularly Ipe and Teak. Thermory® Ash is therefore an alternative to tropical hardwoods. The application of Thermory® Ash contributes to saving tropical forests. Considering the physical test results of Thermory® Ash, one can position Thermory® Ash ahead of all tropical hardwoods. Dimensional stability (swelling and shrinking) is better than tropical hardwoods.

THERMORY® PINE (419°F):

UV light and water impact Thermory® Pine as described above. The graying effect is present at similar times, and can only be slowed by applying surface oils with low surface tension which respect the low absorptive capacity of Thermory® Pine. Dimensional stability and resistance to fungi, mold, insects is better for Thermory® Pine than for untreated wood species.

Thermory® Pine at 419°F is resistance/durability class 2, which is similar to old growth Cedar. When compared to new growth Cedar, it has better rot resistance, consistent color and stability. The application of Thermory® Pine can help preserve old growth Cedar trees.

4. Load Capacity/Bending Strength



Due to its extraordinary strength, Thermory® Ash is ideally suited for decking applications (see physical test results of Technical University of Tallinn on page 7).

LOAD CARRYING CAPACITY:

The load carrying capacity involves certain limits which must be met in wood construction according to the American Forest & Paper Association, Inc. and the IRC (International Residential Code). There is no accepted U.S. standard for thermally modified wood. In decking applications, one will never approach the maximum load bearing capacity if following the serviceability requirements for distance between joists. Deck construction has to follow the appropriate installation code on a case-by-case basis. The load bearing requirements are exceeded by Thermory ash decking of .787" thickness. Point load testing with end-matched joints, installed between joists of 16" on center, using Thermory installation clips and face screwing, required an average of 1,900 lbs to cause a failure. Testing used: ASTM D1037 with an Instron 5585H point load testing machine.

SERVICEABILITY:

Serviceability in terms of deck construction describes the appropriate choice of the distance between joists to avoid objectionable bending of decking. The ALSC, (American Lumber Standard Committee sets forth modulus of elasticity deflection limits which shall not exceed $L/180$ which equals .081" for maximum deflection. University testing in the U.S. illustrates that interpolated test data derived from a 300 lb point load has an average deflection of .066". Test; ASTM D1037 with an Instron 5585H point load testing machine.

5. Testing



Thermory® solid hardwood products have undergone extensive testing concluding that our Thermory® Ash is extremely durable, stable and resistant to termites. Thermory® Ash carries a Class B flame spread rating. For more information on these and other test results, visit www.ThermoryUSA.com.

RESISTANCE

Testing for rot and decay resistance was administered by EPH (International Independent Testing for Residential and Commercial Acceptance – Dresden, Germany). To achieve Class 1 Durability a mass loss of less than 5% is needed; Thermory® test results show less than 1% mass loss in accordance with the following tests.

Resistance and durability classes according to standardized testing EN-15083-1 (EN84)

Mass loss on reference average (no thermal treatment)		<i>Coniophora puteana</i>	<i>Trametes versicolor</i>
		35%	32.1%
Average mass loss % of Thermo Ash	BATCH I	0.2%	.6%
	BATCH II	0.1%	.7%
	BATCH III	0.3%	.6%
	BATCH IV	0.2%	.6%

Class	Nomination	Time period	% Mass Loss in Testing
1	very durable/resistant	25 years or more	less than 5%
2	durable/resistant	15-25 years	more than 5%, less than 10%
3	moderately durable/resistant	10-15 years	more than 10%, less than 15%
4	hardly durable/resistant	5-10 years more than	15%, less than 30%
5	not durable/resistant	2-5 years	more than 30%

Examples for different wood species

SPECIES	DURABILITY CLASS
Thermory Ash	1
Ipe	1
Teak	1
Bangkirai	2
Larch	3-4
Douglas fir	3-4
Pine	3-4
Spruce	4
Fir	4
Beech	5
Birch	5

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

TEST REPORT

No. 239

2007-07-05

Product description: Heat treated (419 °F) ash wood .78" x 5.315" x 39.37"
Reason for test: Determine strength characteristics for suitable building materials
Test target: Determination of physical & mechanical properties of Thermory decking

Test methods.

Moisture content of all samples was determined in a dry kiln at temperatures between 217°F and 221 °F until a constant mass was achieved. Density, bending strength and surface hardness were measured at an equilibrium moisture of 4.6% in the laboratory. For obtaining the equilibrium moisture in exterior conditions the samples were exposed to a relative humidity of 85% until a constant mass was achieved.

Test results.

Moisture level at (normal) laboratory conditions

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	Average
Moisture level, %	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.6

Density

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	Average
Density - lbs/ft ³	37.25	37.31	63.32	36.19	37.94	35.88	36.82

Equilibrium moisture at average exterior conditions

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	Average
Moisture level, %	7.7	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9	8.1	7.9

Bending strength

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	Average
Bending strength - lbs/inch ²	15,954	14,837	12,937	14,561	12,110	
Sample No.	6	7	8	9	10	Average
Bending strength - lbs/inch ²	11,907	16,244	13,691	14,358	13,503	

6. Decking Installation

Decking:

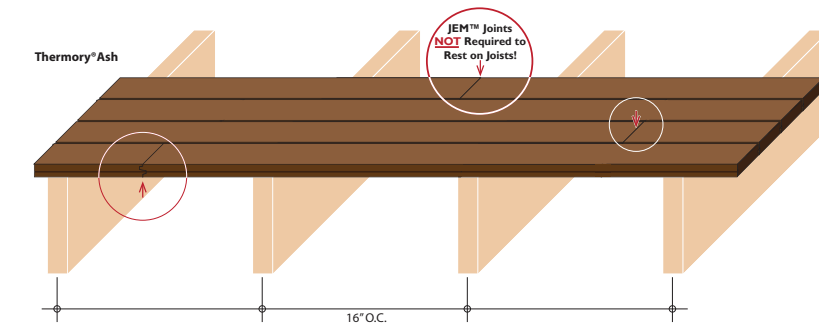
- When installing decking, support joists should be no more than 16" on center when installing deck boards perpendicular to the joists.
- Maintain 1/8" gap between deck boards up to 4" in width and 1/4" for deck boards over 4" in width.
- Thermory® Hidden Clip System automatically provides the proper gap between deck boards. Use silver colored 4" clips for 1 x 4 and 5/4 x 4 and dark colored 6" clips for 1 x 6 and 5/4 x 6 decking.
- Steps must be face-screwed (do not use any hidden fasteners). The front edge of the step is always more susceptible to splitting or cracking. The possibility of this can be reduced by not cantilevering the edge of the step over the riser by any more than .75". The radius on the top front edge of the step should be rounded to a bull-nose or minimally increase the radius to no less than .375".
- Be sure to set the power drill's clutch at the appropriate setting. The head of the screw should sit flush with the surface of the clip. However, over-tightening can strip the fiber of the wood joist. Over tightening of the screw can cause excessive squeaking.
- Face screw the outside edges of the first and last decking boards using stainless steel screws.
- Thermory® recommends using Sihga® or Solida 1 self-tapping, stainless steel trim head screws.
- Always use stainless steel screws when installing Thermory decking and porch flooring. If face screwing while using stainless steel screws other than the recommended Sihga® or Solida 1 screws, we recommend predrilling a hole that is 1/32" smaller in diameter than the screw. The screw head's taper must be counter-bored as well. We recommend the utilization of a depth stop. The size of the screw head must match the size of the counter-bore.
- Minimum screwing distance from edge: 3/4" Minimum screwing distance from end: 1 1/2". Predrilling is required, even with recommended self tapping Sihga® or Solida 1 screw, less than 8" from the end of deck board.
- With Thermory's® exclusive JEM™ Joint (joint end matched) the ends of the boards do not need to rest on the support joists. Each board must rest on and be fastened to a minimum of two joists.
- Thermory® Decking does not require surface treatment. However, as with any wood, exposure to weather conditions and sunlight can cause the color to gradually turn to silver grey. To minimize colour changes, Thermory® Decking can be protected by applying regular UV oil or pigmented UV oil. We recommend Superdeck® – Exotic Hardwood Stain, 2500 Series or Cutek® Extreme. For Home Depot Canada customers; CIL WOODCARE® Exterior Fine Wood Finish (Fine Wood 8404Xo).
- In any case, we recommend to oil the ends and edges of the board prior to installation to prevent water intake. Oil manufacturer's guidelines for the treatment should be followed.

SUB-VENTILATION:

It is essential that air can circulate under the decking, allowing the relative humidity above and below the decking to fluctuate evenly and be equal above and below at any given time. Do not trap moisture beneath the deck.

Example: For roof decking and pool side applications, the pitch must be at least 1/4" per foot with no water pooling. Ends of the deck must be left open to allow air circulation. Support joists must not sit directly on the surface which will trap moisture beneath. Be sure to shim the joists up off the surface, allowing air circulation and drying.

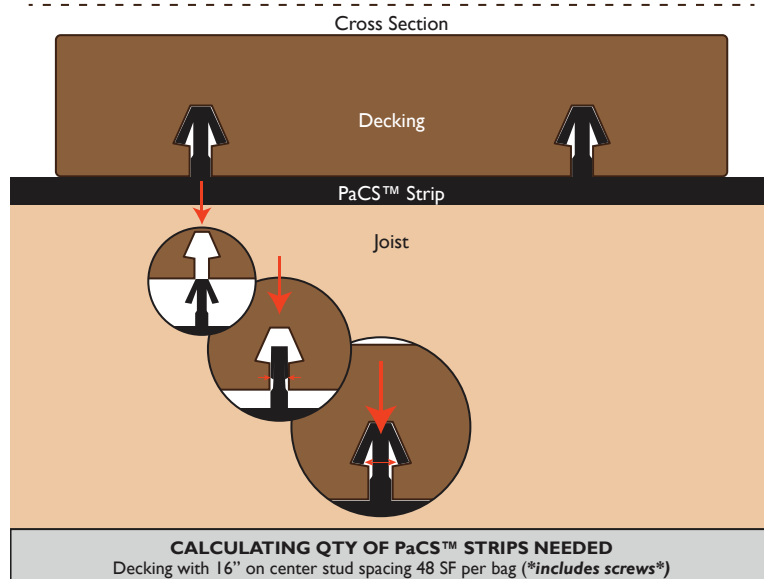
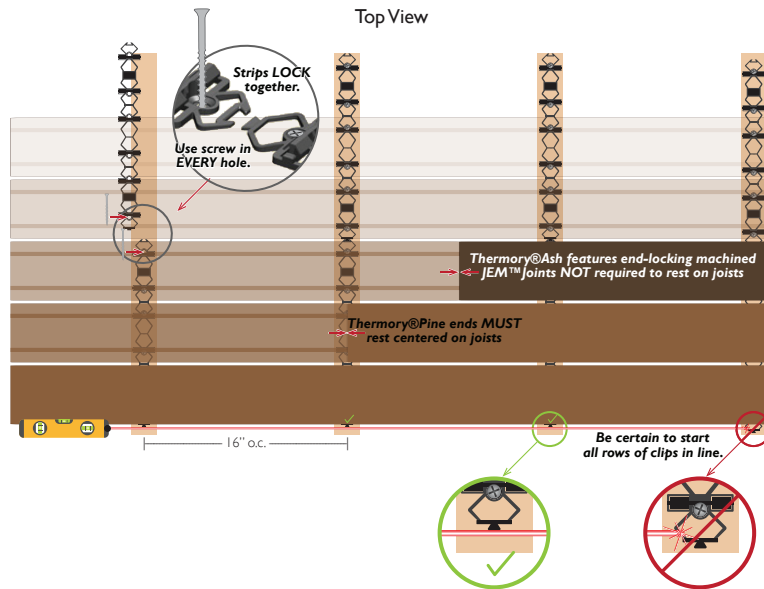
THERMORY® ASH DECKING INCLUDES JEM™ JOINTS



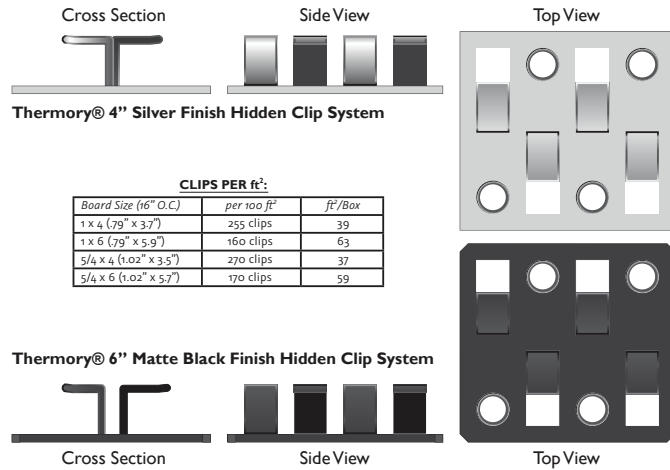
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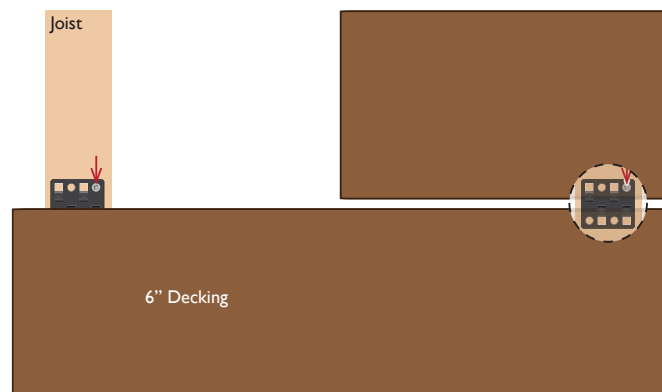
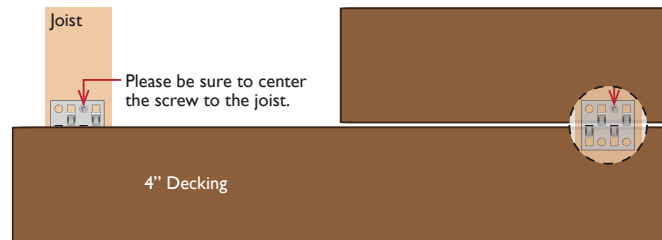
PaCS™ Press and Click Strip Decking Installation



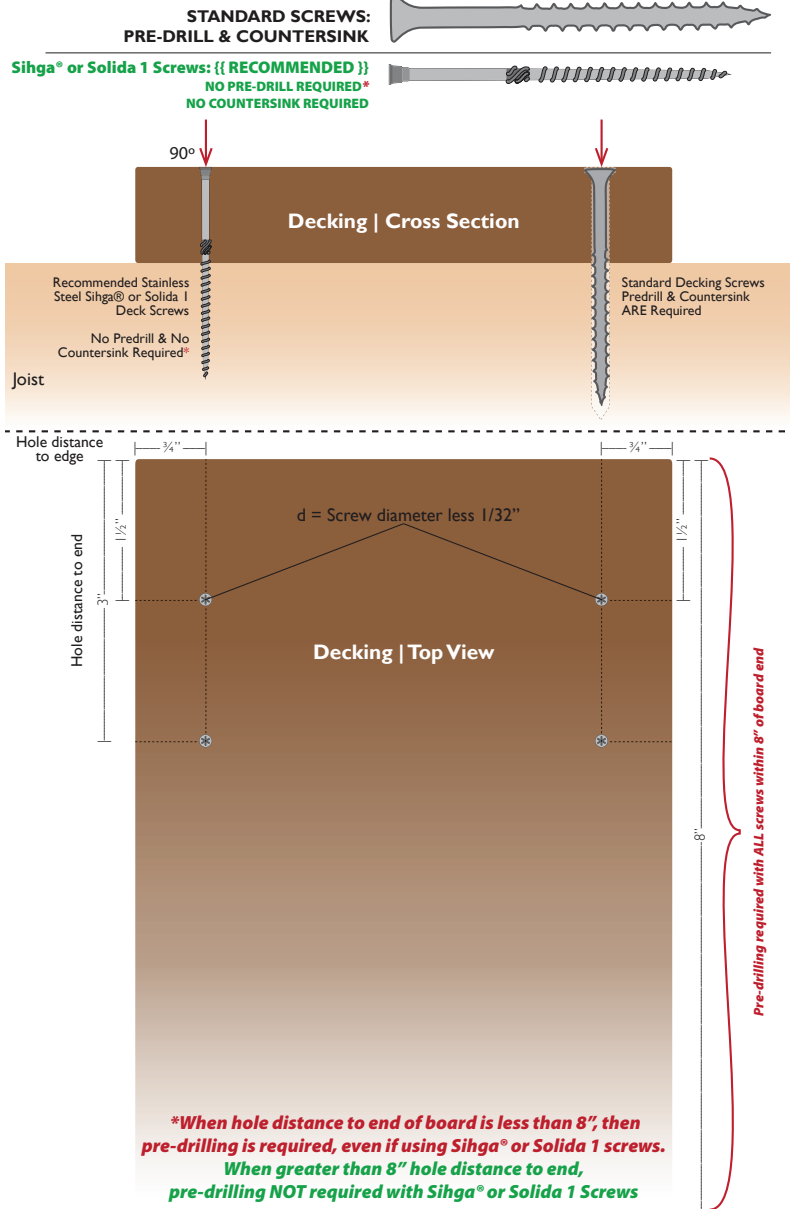
Thermory® Hidden Clip System Installation



Please note, **only one screw** required per clip.



Face Screw Installation

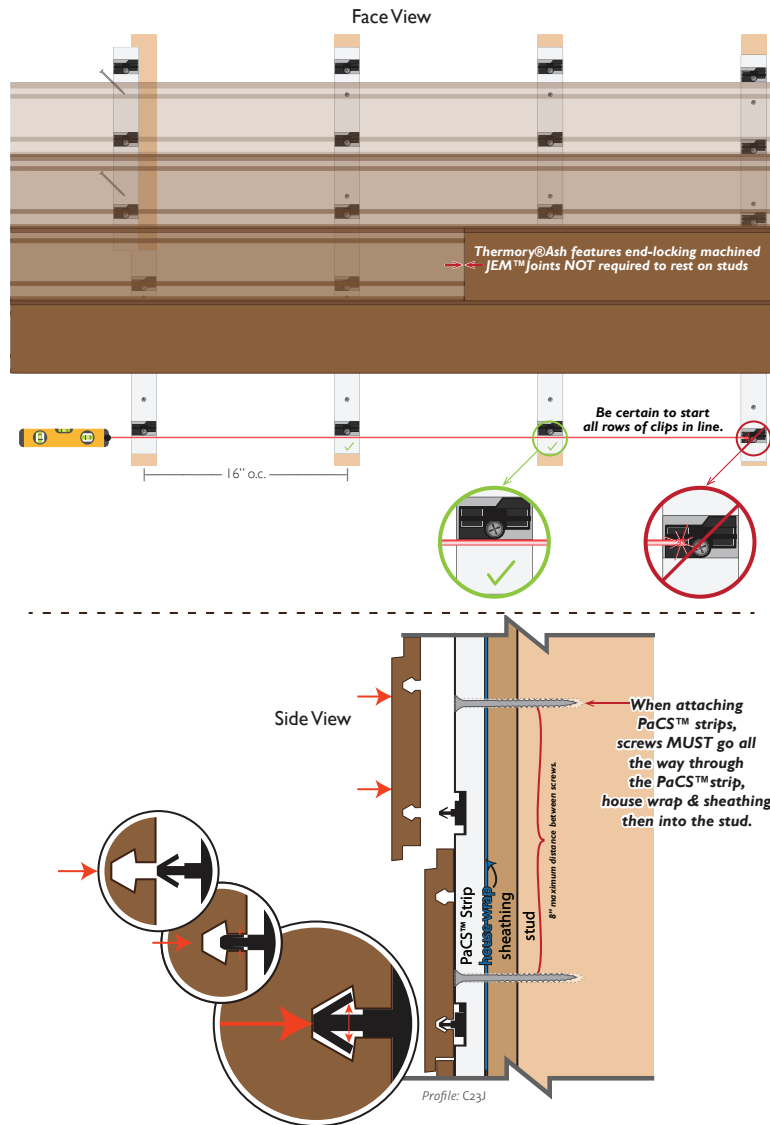


7. Cladding Installation

- When installing horizontal Thermory® Cladding, the tongue and groove boards must be installed with the tongue pointing upwards.
- Always use Sihga® or Solida 1 stainless steel screws, the Thermory® Hidden Clip System, or PaCS™ powered by Thermory® for fixing Thermory® Cladding.
- Use Thermory® Hidden Clip System for invisible fixing. B1 clip is suitable for some profiles. Use stainless steel *Sigha*®, 40mm screws to attach the clips to the batten, 2 screws for each clip is recommended.
- Battens must be placed at least every 24" and a minimum of 3/4" thick. Ventilation should be provided behind the boards.
- Fix horizontal cladding to vertical battens, joint of the board must sit on the batten. If JEM™ (joint end-matched) material is used, the joint can also be placed between the battens.
- Fix vertical cladding to horizontal battens, joint of the board must sit on the batten. If JEM™ (joint end-matched) is used, the joint can also be placed between the battens.
- It is recommended to leave minimum 12" gap at the bottom between the ground and cladding. Ventilation gap behind the cladding must stay open from below to ensure air circulation.
- Thermory® Cladding does not require surface treatment. However, as with any wood, exposure to weather conditions and sunlight can cause the color to gradually turn to silver grey. To minimize colour changes, Thermory® Cladding can be protected by applying regular UV oil or pigmented UV oil. We recommend Superdeck® – Exotic Hardwood Stain, 2502 Series (Walnut) or Cutek® Extreme with pigment for added UV protection. For Home Depot Canada customers; CIL WOODCARE® Exterior Fine Wood Finish (Fine Wood 8404Xo).
- In any case, we recommend to oil the ends and edges of the board prior to installation to prevent water intake. Oil manufacturer's guidelines for the treatment should be followed.



PaCS™ Press and Click Strip Cladding Installation

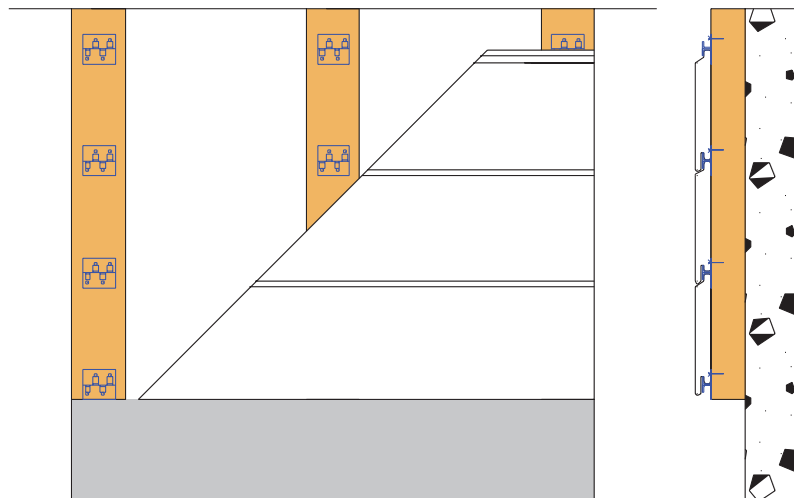
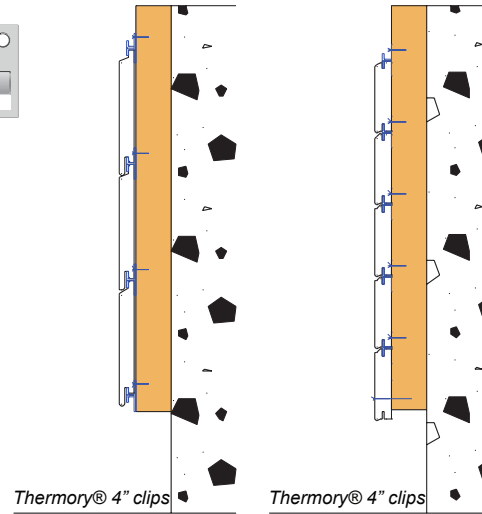
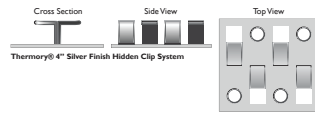


CALCULATING QTY OF PaCS™ STRIPS NEEDED

Cladding with 16" on center stud spacing
 $SF/10 = \text{Number of PaCS™ Strips needed}$

FIXING WITH THERMORY® HIDDEN CLIP SYSTEM:

Use Thermory® Hidden Clip System for invisible fixing. B1 clip is suitable for some profiles. Use stainless steel *Sigma*®, 40mm screws to attach the clips to the batten, 2 screws for each clip is recommended.

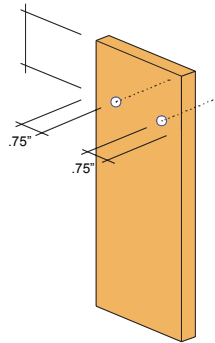
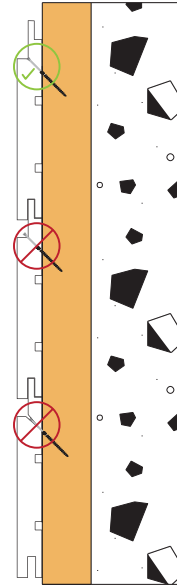


Installation with Thermory® clips

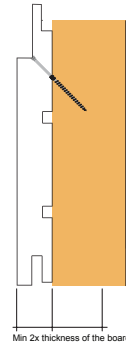
FIXING WITH STAINLESS STEEL Sihga® or Solida 1 SCREWS

Always use *Sihga®* or *Solida 1* stainless steel screws, the Thermory® Hidden Clip System, or PaCS™ powered by Thermory® for fixing Thermory® Cladding. *Sihga®* or *Solida 1* screws are self tapping however predrilling within 8" of ends is recommended.

Screw head must not penetrate too deep into the wood and must be flush with the surface of the board to prevent excessive moisture absorption.



In order to avoid splitting, leave a minimum of .75" space from the edge of the board.

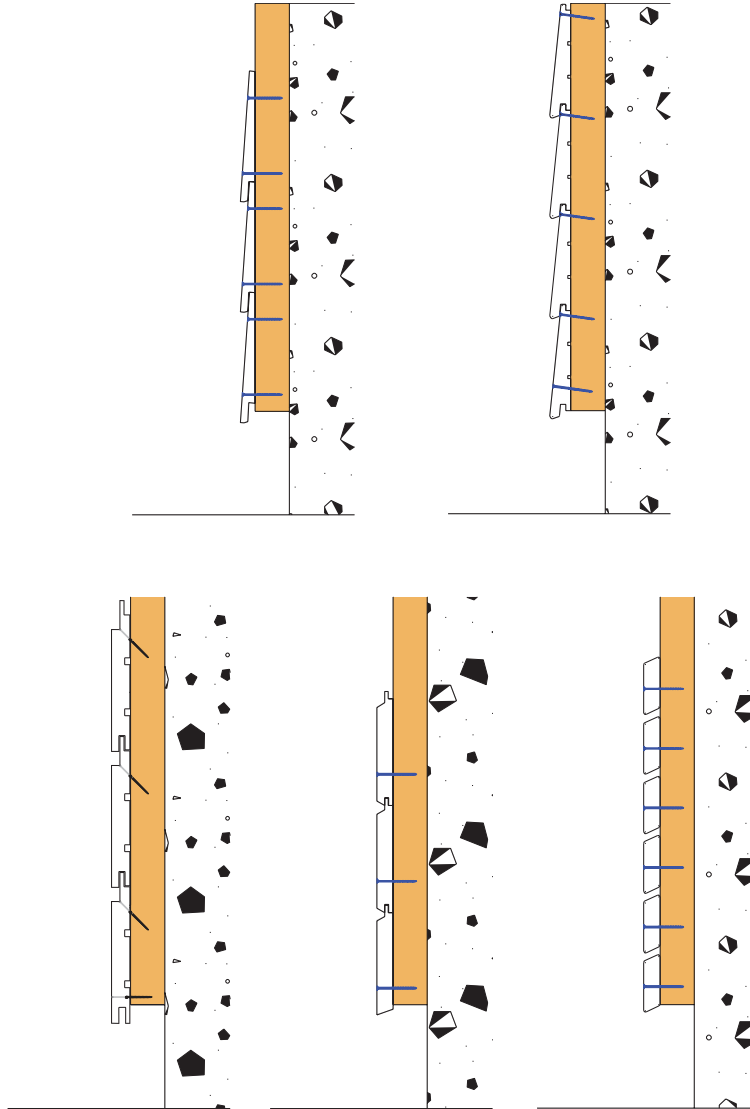


Length of screw/nail: minimum 2x thickness of the board at its thickest point: 40mm Sihga® or Solida 1 screws recommended for .79" stock and 60mm Sihga® or Solida 1 screws recommended for 1.02" profiles.

HORIZONTAL CLADDING AND T/G INSTALLED FOR CLADDING PURPOSES:

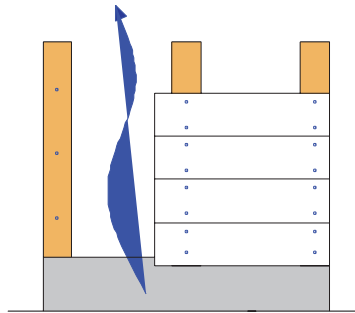
Tongue and groove boards must be installed with the tongue pointing upwards.

BASIC HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS



HORIZONTAL CLADDING BATTENS

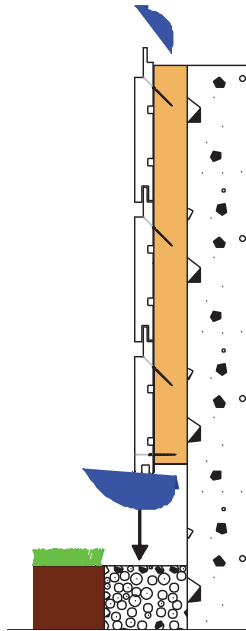
Battens must be placed at least every 24" and a minimum of 3/4" thick.
Ventilation should be provided behind the boards.



Fix horizontal cladding to vertical battens, joint of the board must sit on the batten. If JEM™ (joint end-matched) material is used, the joint can also be placed between the battens.

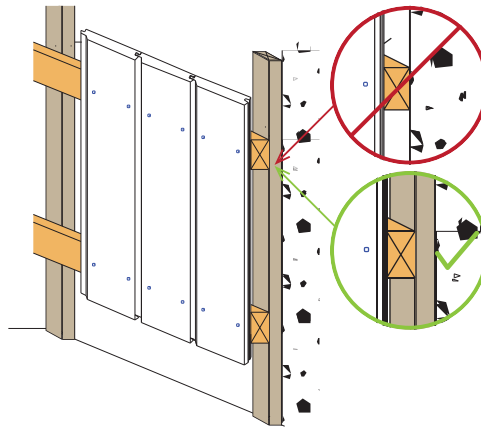
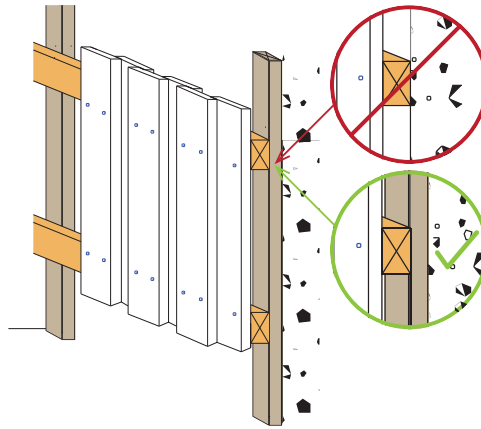
HORIZONTAL CLADDING BOTTOM FIXING

It is recommended to leave minimum 12" gap between the ground and cladding. Ventilation gap behind the cladding must stay open from below to ensure air circulation.

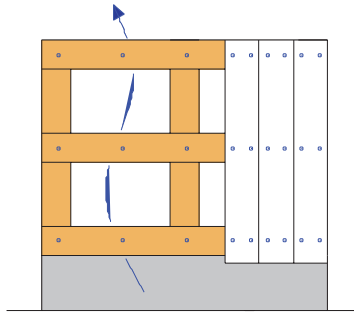


VERTICAL CLADDING

SOME BASIC VERTICAL INSTALLATION



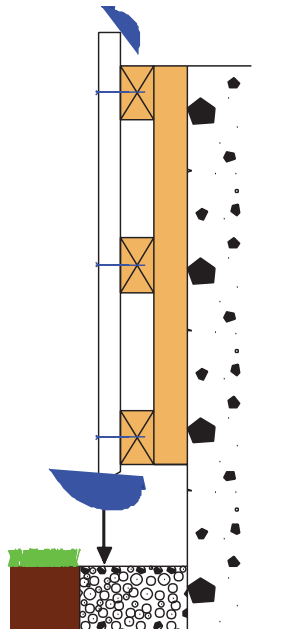
VERTICAL CLADDING BATTENS



Fix vertical cladding to horizontal battens, joint of the board must sit on the batten. If JEM™ (joint end-matched) material is used, the joint can also be placed between the battens.

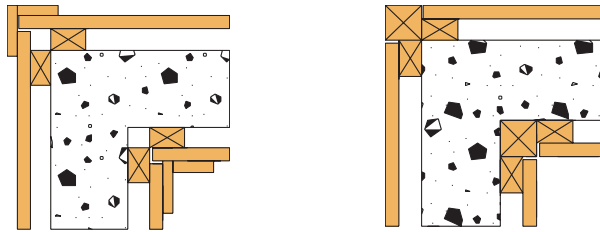
VERTICAL CLADDING BOTTOM FIXING

It is recommended to leave minimum 12" gap between the ground and cladding. Ventilation gap behind the cladding must stay open from below to ensure air circulation.



CLADDING CORNER DESIGN

External and Internal Corners



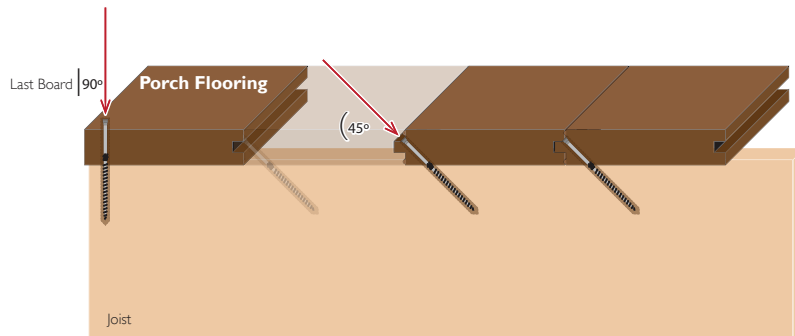
Above graphics are two examples of inside and outside corner details. This is typically an aesthetic detail.
We also recommend metal details available at: www.flannerytrim.com

8. Porch Flooring Installation

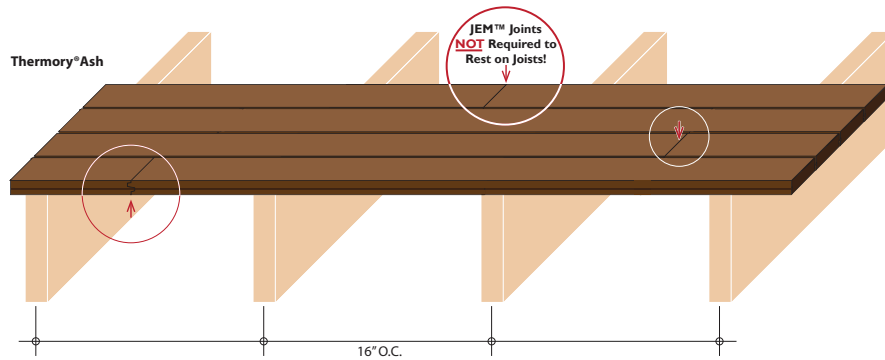


- Always use Sihga® or Solida 1 stainless steel screws for fixing Thermory® Porch Flooring.
- Thermory® Porch Flooring must be used only for covered porch applications with adequate pitch to allow run-off of wind-blown rain or snow melt. Note: Thermory® Porch Flooring is also used for siding, soffit and fascia applications, however, should never be used for uncovered decks.
- Allow a minimum of 4" of air space beneath decking and porch flooring. Proper drainage and air movement underneath decking and porch flooring is required.

THERMORY® ASH PORCH FLOORING:



INCLUDES JEM™ JOINTS





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